# **Verbal De-Escalation Strategies**

Approach from the side: DO NOT approach the person causing harm from behind or get directly in their face

#### Name the Behavior



Address the **specific behavior** that is inappropriate, offensive, or violent. Don't use harmful labels or sarcasm.

## **Step It Down**

To avoid "shushing" the person causing harm, match their vocal intensity. The goal is to slowly "step it down," or speak in an **increasingly calm tone**. They may follow your lead without even realizing it.

#### "I" Statements



Use "I" statements to voice your feelings and wishes without expressing judgment so as not to put the person causing harm on the defensive.

#### Lose to Win

Self-defense is **anything** you do to keep yourself safe. Sometimes, you have to make compromises to protect your or another person's immediate safety.

## Say "No"

You always have the right to say, "No," or "Stop," or "That is not okay."

#### **Broken Record**



**Repeat** the same statement until the person causing harm corrects their behavior or exits the situation.

## **Assertive Ignoring**

Sometimes, ignoring can be a proactive decision. By **choosing not to engage**, you can de-escalate a situation. But stay aware. If the situation continues to escalate, be prepared to use another strategy.

## Get to "We"



Use "we" to foster a **sense of unity**. When you create a "we," the person causing harm is less likely to direct their anger towards you.

## **Interrupting**

**Interrupt or distract** from either the person causing harm or the situation.

